Watershed Report

Wildcat. Indiana.

Land Use

	Total (Ac.)	Crops (Ac.)	% of Total	Forest (Ac.)	% of Total	Water/Wetland (Ac.)	% of Total	Pasture/Hay (Ac.)	% of Total	Urban (Ac.)	% of Total	No Data (Ac.)	% of Total
Carroll	51,190	38,551	7.42	3,652	0.70	160	0.03	460	0.09	636	0.12	23	0.00
Clinton	176,951	142,499	27.42	8,244	1.59	252	0.05	1,805	0.35	3,614	0.70	42	0.01
Grant	23,033	21,286	4.10	169	0.03	2	0.00	4	0.00	35	0.01	98	0.02
Howard	120,982	75,811	14.59	6,609	1.27	1,183	0.23	1,589	0.31	12,716	2.45	68	0.01
Madison	4,446	4,192	0.81	6	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	0.00	9	0.00
Tippecanoe	56,367	30,190	5.81	7,750	1.49	509	0.10	1,190	0.23	4,175	0.80	0	0.00
Tipton	86,812	74,344	14.30	1,457	0.28	53	0.01	577	0.11	751	0.14	170	0.03
Totals	519,782	386,874	74.43	27,886	5.36	2,158	0.42	5,623	1.08	21,930	4.22	410	0.08

Data Source = National Ag Statistics Service, 2006, http://www.nass.usda.gov/research/Cropland/SARS1a.htm)

% Crop = Sum of the acres of corn, soybeans, wheat, other small grains, etc. divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Pasture/Hay = Sum of the acres of pasture, hay, and idle land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Forest = Sum of the acres of forest land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Urban = Sum of the acres of residential and urban land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Water/Wetland = Sum of the acres of streams, lakes, ponds, etc. divided by the total acres in the watershed.

****O Data Not Available** = Sum of the acres of clouds on arial photographs divided by the total acres in the watershed.

	Pu	blic Lands
	Public Lands (Ac.)	% of Total
<u>Carroll</u>	62	0.01
<u>Clinton</u>	30	0.01
<u>Grant</u>	0	0.00
<u>Howard</u>	108	0.02
<u>Madison</u>	0	0.00
Tippecanoe	11	0.00
Tipton	3	0.00
Totals	214	0.04

Data Source = Indiana Department of Natural Resources (State-Managed Lands), 2004; Hoosier National Forest - U.S. Forest Service, 2004 and Patoka River USFWS, 2003 (Federal-Managed Lands)

% **Public** = Sum of the acres of federal, state, and local government land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

	Cropland Types														
	Crop (Ac.)	% of Total	Corn (Ac.)	% of Total	Wheat (Ac.)	% of Total		% of Total			Grass (Ac.)	% of Total			
Carroll	38,551	7.42	19,792	3.81	1,075	0.21	301	0.06	460	0.09	7,748	1.49			
Clinton	142,499	27.42	72,223	13.89	2,354	0.45	900	0.17	1,805	0.35	21,868	4.21			
<u>Grant</u>	21,286	4.10	9,972	1.92	143	0.03	24	0.00	4	0.00	1,337	0.26			
<u>Howard</u>	75,811	14.59	38,161	7.34	862	0.17	568	0.11	1,589	0.31	24,160	4.65			
<u>Madison</u>	4,192	0.81	2,022	0.39	5	0.00	8	0.00	0	0.00	209	0.04			
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	30,190	5.81	14,820	2.85	867	0.17	535	0.10	1,190	0.23	13,357	2.57			
<u>Tipton</u>	74,344	14.30	36,583	7.04	975	0.19	233	0.04	577	0.11	9,910	1.91			
Totals	386,874	74.43	193,573	37.24	6,281	1.21	2,570	0.49	5,623	1.08	78,590	15.12			

Data Source = National Ag Statistics Service, 2006, http://www.nass.usda.gov/research/Cropland/SARS1a.htm)

% Corn = Acres of corn divided by the sum of all row crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

% Beans = Acres of soybeans + double-crop soybeans/wheat divided by the sum of all row crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

% Wheat = Acres of wheat divided by the sum of all row crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

% Other Row Crop = Difference of the sum of the acres of corn, soybeans, wheat, hay, and pasture minus total cropland acres in the watershed divided by total crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

% Hay = Acres of hay divided by the sum of all row crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

% Pasture = Acres of pasture divided by the sum of all row crop, hay, and pasture acres in the watershed.

Ac. = Acres

% = Percent

T & E = Threatened and Endangered

CFO = Confined Feeding Operation

CAFO = Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation

AU = Animal Units

Ft. = Feet

= Number

	Beef and Swine Processing											
	Beef Plants	Beef Animals	Swine Plants	Swine Animals								
Carroll	0	0	1	864								
Clinton	0	0	0	0								
<u>Grant</u>	0	0	0	0								
<u>Howard</u>	0	0	0	0								
Madison	0	0	0	0								
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	0	0	0	0								
<u>Tipton</u>	0	0	0	0								
Totals	0	0	1	864								

Data Source = Indiana Board of Animal Health, 2006 (Slaughter Processing), http://www.in.gov/boah/food_safety/inspection/meat_poulty.html

	Confined Livestock 2006														
	CAFO/CFO	Da Farms	iry Animals		eef Animals	Sv Farms	wine Animals	Por Farms	ultry Animals	She Farms	ep Animals				
<u>Carroll</u>	38	1	600	1	34	37	97,720	0	0	0	0				
Clinton	65	0	0	6	815	62	143,812	2	1,245,270	0	0				
<u>Grant</u>	1	0	0	0	0	1	327	0	0	0	0				
<u>Howard</u>	15	0	0	2	650	15	26,647	0	0	0	0				
<u>Madison</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	4	0	0	0	0	4	4,023	0	0	0	0				
<u>Tipton</u>	14	0	0	1	30	14	30,971	0	0	0	0				
Totals	137	1	600	10	1,529	133	303,500	2	1,245,270	0	0				

Data Source = Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Office of Land Quality, 2007, http://www.state.in.us/idem/agriculture/livestock/cfo/index.html Confined Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) = (U. S. Environmental Protection Agency definition) Operations with at least one of the following: 200 dairy cows; 300 vosel calves; 300 beef cattle; 750 swine 55 pounds or more; 3000 swine under 55 pounds; 150 horses; 3000 sheep or lambs; 16,500 turkeys; 9000 chickens (liquid manure); 25,000 chickens - laying hens (not liquid manure); 37,500 chickens - not laying hens (not liquid manure); 1,500 ducks (liquid manure); or 10,000 ducks (not liquid manure). Confined Feeding Operation (CFO) = (Indiana Department of Environmental Management definition) = Operations with at least one of the following: 300 cattle; 600 swine or sheep; or 30,000 poultry.

Biofuel Plants Ethanol Biodiesel Carroll 0 Clinton 0 Grant <u>Howard</u> Madison 0 0 Tippecanoe 0 0 Tipton 0 0 Totals

Data Source = Indiana Department of Transportation, 2006 (Biofuels Processing),

http://www.in.gov/isda/biofuels/

Surface and Groundwater Resource Concern Areas

	Impaired Streams (Mi.)	Impaired Lakes (Ac.)	Wellhead Protection (Ac.)	Karst (Ac.)	% Karst
Carroll	75.36	0	649	0	0.00
<u>Clinton</u>	108.91	0	5,817	0	0.00
<u>Grant</u>	11.13	0	0	0	0.00
Howard	134.83	291	6,428	0	0.00
<u>Madison</u>	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	78.09	0	2,970	0	0.00
<u>Tipton</u>	62.81	0	4,272	0	0.00
Totals	471.13	291	20,135	0	0.00

Data Source (Impaired Water Bodies) = Indiana Department of Environmental Management 303(d) List, http://www.state.in.us/idem/programs/water/303d/index.html 303(d)-listed streams = are impaired waterbodies that have been identified by IDEM as exceeding threshold limits of specific

303(d)-listed streams = are impaired waterbodies that have been identified by IDEM as exceeding threshold limits of specific contaminants.

Data Source (Wellhead Protection Areas) = Indiana Department of Environmental Management, http://www.in.gov/idem/programs/water/swp/whpp/>

Data Source (Karst) = Karst Data, 2002, Indiana NRCS, data unpublished

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Soils-Based Resource Concerns and Analyses

Hydric (Ac.) %		Leaching Index >= 10 (Ac.) %		Subsurface Soil Erosion Drainage= (Wind) >500 H/VH (Ac.) % (Ac.) %		Potential for Frequent Flooding (Ac.)		Surface Runoff Class =H/VH (Ac.) %		Soil Erosion (Water) >37 (Ac.) %		Sheet/Rill Erosion Potential Between 1T & 2T (Ac.) %		Sheet/Rill Erosion Potential >=2 (Ac.)	%			
Carroll	11,072	2.13	4,517	0.87	33,622	6.47	1,855	0.36	1,992	0.38	2,256	0.43	11,117	2.14	0	0.00	2,242	0.43
Clinton	58,627	11.28	6,744	1.30	120,781	23.24	401	0.08	1,122	0.22	39,625	7.62	7,884	1.52	591	0.11	1,594	0.31
<u>Grant</u>	13,674	2.63	0	0.00	3,642	0.70	0	0.00	0	0.00	4,231	0.81	7	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
<u>Howard</u>	40,351	7.76	11,270	2.17	94,183	18.12	339	0.07	6,989	1.34	15,017	2.89	8,345	1.61	283	0.05	1,745	0.34
<u>Madison</u>	3,411	0.66	0	0.00	4,331	0.83	0	0.00	0	0.00	113	0.02	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	7,758	1.49	8,225	1.58	35,655	6.86	1,811	0.35	2,117	0.41	4,282	0.82	9,856	1.90	3,888	0.75	0	0.00
<u>Tipton</u>	52,309	10.06	0	0.00	81,150	15.61	407	0.08	0	0.00	2,420	0.47	171	0.03	0	0.00	0	0.00
Totals	187,202	36.02	30,756	5.92	373,364	71.83	4,814	0.93	12,220	2.35	67,944	13.07	37,380	7.19	4,762	0.92	5,581	1.07

Data Source (Hydric Soils) = NRCS Soil Data Mart (2007) - http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/. A soil mapunit was considered hydric if a majority of its component soils is hydric.

Data Source (Sheet/Rill Erosion Potential) = NRCS Soil Data Mart, 2007, http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/ and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation, Version 2 (RUSLE2). Erosion potential is based on the RUSLE2 calculation for the soil with a "C" Factor equal to that of a typical cropland management system used in Indiana (no-till soybeans, followed by chisel-plowed corn with an injected anhydrous application). Soils under this management system between 1 and 2 times of tolerable limits are eroding above sustainable levels; soils under this management systems that leave more residue on the surface, those with less soil disturbance, crop rotations with higher-residue crops, etc. will decrease soil erosion compared to those under the typical cropland system. Management systems that leave less residue, disturb the soil more, and those with crop rotation with lower-residue crops may increase soil erosion above the typical cropland system.

Data Source (Leach Index, Wind Erosion, Water Erosion, Flood Potential, and Surface and Subsurface Drainage) = NRCS Soil Data Mart, 2007, https://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/ and the NRCS Indiana Nutrient Management (590) Standard (Section IV of the Indiana Electronic Field Office Technical Guide (eFOTG)) https://efotg.nrcs.usda.gov/efotg-locator.aspx?map=IN. NOTE: Because climatic and other data elements may be county-based, thresholds.

Hydric soils = Characterized by, relating to, or requiring an abundance of water, hydric soils are indicators of wetlands, which represent unique management considerations including groundwater impacts, crop production limitations, wildlife considerations etc.

Leach Index = soils with a relatively high risk of water percolating below the crop root zone; developed using annual precipitation, rainfall distribution data and hydrologic soil groups. **Subsurface Drainage** = soils with a relatively high risk of having subsurface drainage; determined from a matrix based on soil drainage class and depth to seasonal high water, and the presence of artificial subsurface drainage and surface tile inlets.

Soil Erosion (Wind) = soils with a relatively high risk of eroding by wind; determined from a location's C (Climate) Factor and a soil's Soil Erodibility Index (I). **Flooding Potential** = soils with a relatively frequent risk of being covered by flowing water from any source; determined from the NRCS soil survey.

Flooring Potential = Solis with a relatively request risk of being covered by nowing water from any source, determined from the NKCS soli survey.

Surface Runoff Class = soils with a relatively high relative risk of soil solution movement from the surface of a management unit; determined using soil permeability and percent slope.

Soil Erosion (Water) = soils with a relatively high risk of eroding by water; determined from a location's R (Rainfall-Runoff Erosivity) Factor, and a soil's K (Soil Erodibility) and LS (Length-Slope) factors.

	Water Resources														
	Standing Water (Ac.)	Streams (Mi.)	1st Order (Mi.)	2nd Order (Mi.)	3rd Order (Mi.)	4th Order (Mi.)	5th Order (Mi.)	6th+ Order (Mi.)	Stream Order Unavailable (Mi.)						
<u>Carroll</u>	8	79.90	39.93	12.63	0.15	26.77	0.00	0.00	0.42						
Clinton	105	229.59	136.18	44.94	40.58	6.97	0.00	0.00	0.92						
Grant	4	19.69	19.09	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
<u>Howard</u>	522	157.22	68.89	34.74	14.90	36.26	0.00	0.00	2.43						
<u>Madison</u>	0	2.28	2.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	50	112.68	45.07	21.85	7.94	30.09	7.74	0.00	0.00						
<u>Tipton</u>	13	87.73	68.73	16.36	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89						
Totals	702	689.08	380.18	131.11	64.31	100.09	7.74	0.00	5.66						

Data Source = National Hydrography Data - U.S. Geological Survey, 2006, http://www.horizon-systems.com/nhdplus/>

Stream Order = A hierarchal stream classification system. The confluence of two first order streams forms a second order stream; the confluence of two second order streams forms a third order stream; etc. Generally, larger order streams (such as the Ohio or Mississipipi Rivers) have more volume, depth and channel width. They also are located in the lower reaches of watersheds. First order streams (unforked or unbranched streams) are in the upper reaches of watersheds.

Air Resource Concern Areas

	% of
	Watershed
<u>Carroll</u>	0.00
Clinton	0.00
<u>Grant</u>	0.00
<u>Howard</u>	0.00
Madison	0.85
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	0.00
<u>Tipton</u>	0.00
Totals	0.85
	Clinton Grant Howard Madison Tippecanoe Tipton

Data Source = Environmental Protection Agency, 2006, data no longer published. 2007 data is available at

<http://www.epa.gov/air/data/nonat.html?st~IN~India
na>.

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Unique Habitat Areas Ac. Within % of Watershed Permanent % of Watershed Natural Range of Known Within Range of Communities Easement in Permanent T & E Species Known T & E (Ac.) (Ac.) Species 437 0.08 36,766 7.07 63

Data Source (Threatened & Endangered Species and Natural Communities) = Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Nature Preserves; Analysis by NRCS, 2007, data source is not public. Habitat ranges indicate the likely life-history range surrounding known locations of threatened & endangered species (state and federal listed) that have the potential to be used by the species (ranges for plants = point - 0 miles; amphibians/reptiles/insects/aquatic species = 1/4 - 1/2 mile; mammals/birds = 1 mile).

Data Source (Natural Communities) = Areas identified and classified by the IDNR as unique/rare (data include the Natural Community acreage + ¼ mile buffer), data not published.

Data Source (Permanent Easements) = Indiana NRCS (Wetlands Reserve Program), 2007, data not published

	Farm Census Data														
	Farms	Farms <10 Ac.	Farms <50 Ac.	Farms <180 Ac.	Farms <500 Ac.	Farms <1000 Ac.	Farms >1000 Ac.	Minority Farmers	Full Time Farmers	Part Time Farmers					
<u>Carroll</u>	105	12	20	28	20	13	12	1	20	40					
Clinton	415	60	93	78	68	57	58	4	60	172					
Grant	50	5	14	12	9	7	5	1	6	22					
<u>Howard</u>	343	45	89	76	69	39	25	4	56	120					
<u>Madison</u>	16	2	5	4	2	2	1	0	3	6					
<u>Tippecanoe</u>	122	19	42	25	16	8	12	2	16	59					
<u>Tipton</u>	184	16	36	41	41	27	23	3	25	73					
Totals	1,235	159	299	264	225	153	136	15	186	492					

Data Source = National Ag Statistics Service 2002 Census of Agriculture (http://www.nass.usda.gov/census/census/2volume1/in/index2.htm). Estimates for each watershed were derived from county values based on the percentage of each county in the watershed.

Year:	Vegetative Agronomic Practices (Ac.)	No Till (Ac.)	Mulch Till (Ac.)	Upland Buffers (Ft.)	Aquatic Buffers (Ac.)	Grazing Practices (Ac.)	Nutrient Mgt. (Ac.)	Pest Mgt. (Ac.)	Irrigation (Ac.)	CNMPs (#)	Gully Erosion Control (Ac.)	Gully Control Structures (#)	Wildlife Habitat (Ac.)	Forestry Practices (Ac.)	Confined Livestock Waste Storage (#)	Wetland Practices (Ac.)
2007	116	4,988	8,267	24,432	156	145	13,434	6,130	0	2	15	6	1,074	246	2	3
2006	0	604	1,304	0	0	99	0	7,457	Ō	1	0	Ō	412	67	0	7
2005	0	3,637	1,844	30,153	82	0	0	4,625	0	0	0	0	178	44	0	24
2004	0	4,047	4,077	7,278	67	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	67	0	3
2003	0	828	698	29,176	262	0	0	5,774	0	0	0	0	216	57	0	5
2002	0	884	1,282	12,683	258	0	0	5,834	0	0	0	0	714	35	0	0

Data Source = NRCS Performance Results System Reports, 2007, http://ias.sc.egov.usda.gov/prshome/index.aspx.

Vegetative Agronomic Practices = Acres of Conservation Cover (327) + 342 (Critical Area Planting) + 340 (Cover Crops) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Vegletative Agronomic Practices = Acres of Planting (422) + Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation (650) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Aquatic Buffers = Acres of Filter Strips (393) + Riparian Forest Buffers (391) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Grazing Practices = Acres of Prescribed Grazing (528 and 528A) + Pasture and Hayland Planting (512) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Nutrient Mgmt = Acres of Nutrient Management (590) + Waste Utilization (633) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Pest Mgmt = Acres of Pest Management (595) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Irrigation = Acres of Irrigation System, Microirrigation (441) + Irrigation System, Sprinkler (442) + Irrigation System, Syste

CNMPs = Number of Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plans written in the given fiscal year.

Gully Control - grassed waterways = Acres of Grassed Waterway (412) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Gully Control - other = Acres of Grade Stabilization Structure (410) + Water and Sediment Control Basin (638) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Wildlife habitat = Acres of Upland Wildlife Habitat Management (645) + Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management (647) + Restoration and Management of Rare and Declining Habitats (653) + Early Successional Habitat Development/Management (647) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Forestry Practices = Acres of Tree/Shrub Establishment (612) + Forest Stand Improvement (666) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Confined Livestock Waste Storage Facilities = Number of Waste Storage Facility (313) + Composting Facility (317) + Waste Treatment Lagoon (359) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Wetland Practices = Acres of Wetland Restoration (657) + Wetland Creation (658) + Wetland Enhancement (659) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

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